

one is signed, subject, of course, to a final revision. Each side has agreed to the articles and they are included in the protocols of each day's session which are officially signed by the plenipotentiaries the next morning.

In addition to the minutes kept by each side, there is an abbreviated record of the discussions giving the arguments made on each side of every point, which are daily attested, so that when the plenipotentiaries are complete, of course, the agreement article does not bind either Russia or Japan until a final agreement is reached and the treaty is signed.

It is, however, significant that Dr. Sato, who specifically stated that he did not speak officially, gave it as his opinion that each power had now bound itself to the articles agreed to.

#### Russians Scared.

In the discussion of the second article (covering the evacuation of Manchuria), it is positively stated that Russia won a victory. Baron Komura, so it is declared, wanted to limit the obligation to evacuate Manchuria and to surrender to Russia, railways in the province, and the obligation of special privileges, should be mutual and that the evacuation of the troops should take place concurrently. M. Witte is said to have contended that Japan was desiring not only the interests of Russia but of all the world powers.

On the other hand, the Japanese claim not only that they did not resist the provision for simultaneous evacuation by the troops of both countries, but the distant credit for the saving of Manchuria, the preservation of the territorial integrity of China.

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